

## Quiz 4: Bose Gas

1. For a 2-dimensional gas of ultra-relativistic spinless particles find

(a) Temperature of Bose-Einstein condensation  $T_0$  as a function of particle concentration  $n = N/A$

For  $T \leq T_0$ , find

(b) Number of particles in the ground state in terms of  $N$ ,  $T$ , and  $T_0$

(c) Total energy  $E$  in terms of  $T$ ,  $T_0$ , and  $N$

(d) Specific heat and entropy in terms of  $E$  and  $T$

(e) Relationship between  $E$  and  $PV$

The following integral may be useful:

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x dx}{\exp x - 1} = \zeta(2)$$

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x^2 dx}{\exp x - 1} = 2\zeta(3)$$

*Solution*

$$n = \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar^2 c^2} \int_0^\infty \frac{\varepsilon d\varepsilon}{\exp(\varepsilon/T_0) - 1} = \frac{T_0^2}{2\pi\hbar^2 c^2} \int_0^\infty \frac{x dx}{\exp x - 1}$$

$$T_0 = \hbar c \sqrt{2\pi\zeta^{-1}(2) n}$$

$$N_{\varepsilon=0} = N - N_{\varepsilon>0} = N - \frac{A}{2\pi\hbar^2 c^2} \int_0^\infty \frac{\varepsilon d\varepsilon}{\exp(\varepsilon/T) - 1} = N \left( 1 - \frac{T^2}{T_0^2} \right)$$

$$E = \frac{A}{2\pi\hbar^2c^2} \int_0^\infty \frac{\varepsilon^2 d\varepsilon}{\exp(\varepsilon/T) - 1} = \frac{T^3}{2\pi\hbar^2c^2} \int_0^\infty \frac{x^2 dx}{\exp x - 1} = \frac{2\zeta(3)}{\zeta(2)} \frac{NT^3}{T_0^2}$$

$$C = \frac{3E}{T}$$

$$dS = \frac{dE}{T} \left( = \frac{CdT}{T} \right) \propto 3TdT \Rightarrow S = \frac{3E}{2T}$$

$$F = E - TS = -\frac{E}{2}$$

$$P = -\left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial V}\right)_T \Rightarrow PV = \frac{E}{2}$$