

1. Using Heisenberg's uncertainty relations, determine the lower limit of the possible values of the energy of a particle moving in a field of potential energy

$$V(x) = A(\exp(-2\alpha x) - 2\exp(-\alpha x))$$

Compare your result with the ground state energy given that the exact spectrum is as follows:

$$E_n = -A \left[ 1 - \frac{\alpha \hbar}{\sqrt{2mA}} \left( n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \right]^2$$

(Where  $n$  is limited by the condition that the expression inside the square brackets remains non-negative). You may assume that

$$A \gg \frac{\hbar^2 \alpha^2}{2m}$$

*Solution*

$$E_0 = -A \left[ 1 - \frac{\alpha \hbar}{2\sqrt{2mA}} \right]^2 \simeq -A + \sqrt{\frac{\hbar^2 \alpha^2}{2m}} A$$

On the other hand,

$$V(x) = A(\exp(-2\alpha x) - 2\exp(-\alpha x)) \simeq -A + A \left( \frac{(-2\alpha x)^2}{2} - 2 \frac{(-\alpha x)^2}{2} \right) = -A + A\alpha^2 x^2$$

And

$$\bar{E} = -A + A\alpha^2 \bar{x}^2 + \frac{\bar{p}^2}{2m} \geq -A + A\alpha^2 \delta x^2 + \frac{\delta p^2}{2m} \geq -A + A\alpha^2 \delta x^2 + \frac{\hbar^2}{8m\delta x^2}$$

Minimizing with respect to  $\delta x^2$ ,

$$\delta x_{\min}^2 = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar^2}{8mA\alpha^2}}$$

So

$$\bar{E} \geq -A + 2A\alpha^2 \sqrt{\frac{\hbar^2}{8mA\alpha^2}} = -A + \sqrt{\frac{\hbar^2 \alpha^2}{2m}} A$$