

①

$$\square \equiv \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} - c^2 \nabla^2$$

Green's function  
of wave operator

$$\square G = \delta(\vec{r}, t)$$

$$(\nabla^2 + c^2 k^2)G(\vec{r}, t) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^d} \delta(t)$$

$$G(\vec{k}, t) = \frac{\theta(t)}{(2\pi)^d} \frac{\sin ckt}{ck}$$

$$G(\vec{r}, t) = \frac{\theta(t)}{(2\pi)^d} \int d^d \vec{k} \frac{\sin ckt}{ck} e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r}}$$

1)  $d=3$ 

$$G(\vec{r}, t) = \frac{\theta(t)}{(2\pi)^3} (2\pi) \int_0^\infty dk k^2 \frac{\sin ckt}{ck} \int_0^\pi d\theta \sin \theta e^{ikr \cos \theta}$$

$$= \frac{\theta(t)}{(2\pi)^2} \int_0^\infty dk k^2 \frac{\sin ckt}{ck} \int_{-1}^1 dz e^{ikrz}$$

$$= \frac{\theta(t)}{(2\pi)^2} \frac{1}{cr} \frac{1}{i} \int_0^\infty dk \frac{\sin ckt}{ck} \frac{\alpha \sin kr}{\text{even function of } k \text{ on } [0, \infty]}$$

$$= \frac{\theta(t)}{(2\pi)^2} \frac{1}{cr} \frac{1}{2i} \int_{-\infty}^\infty dk \sin ckt (e^{ikr} - e^{-ikr})$$

$$= -\frac{\Theta(t)}{(2\pi)^2} \frac{1}{cr} \frac{1}{4} \int dk (e^{ickt} - e^{-ickt})(e^{ikr} - e^{-ikr}) \quad (2)$$

$$= -\frac{\Theta(t)}{(2\pi)^2} \frac{1}{cr} \frac{(2\pi)^2}{4} \left[ \delta(r+ct) - \delta(r-ct) \right] \quad \text{because of } \Theta(t)$$

$$= \frac{\Theta(t)}{2\pi} \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{2r} \delta(ct-r) = \frac{\Theta(t)}{4\pi c^2 t} \delta(ct-r)$$

$$= \frac{\Theta(t)}{2\pi c} \delta(c^2 t^2 - r^2) \quad *$$

$$* \quad \delta(c^2 t^2 - r^2) \Theta(t) = \frac{1}{2r} \delta(ct-r) \Theta(t)$$

(3)

$$2) d=1$$

$$G(x,t) = \frac{\Theta(t)}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \frac{\sin ctk}{ck} e^{ikx}$$

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \frac{\sin ctk}{k} e^{ikx}$$

$$\frac{\partial I}{\partial x} = i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \frac{e^{ickt} - e^{-ickt}}{2i} e^{ikx}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{2} [\delta(ct+x) - \delta(ct-x)]$$

$$I = \pi [\Theta(ct+x) + \Theta(ct-x)] + f(t) \quad (*)$$

$$\frac{\partial I}{\partial t} = c \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \frac{e^{ickt} + e^{-ickt}}{2} e^{ikx}$$

$$= c\pi [\delta(ct+x) + \delta(ct-x)]$$

$$\text{Compare with } (*) \Rightarrow f'(t) = 0 \Rightarrow f(t) = C$$

$$G(x,t) = \frac{\Theta(t)}{2\pi c} \left\{ \pi [\delta(ct+x) + \delta(ct-x)] + C \right\}$$

$$= \frac{\Theta(ct - |x|)}{2c} + \frac{C\Theta(t)}{2\pi c}$$

$$G(0,t) = \frac{\Theta(t)}{2c} + \frac{C\Theta(t)}{2\pi c} = \frac{\Theta(t)}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \frac{\sin ctk}{ck} = \frac{\Theta(t)}{2c} \quad x=0$$