## 15-Phys-202

WINTER 2003

Prof. R.A. Serota Quiz 7

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Useful formulae and constants:

$$\mathcal{E} = -\frac{d\Phi_B}{dt}$$

$$B = \mu_0 ni$$
 (solenoid)

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \ \mathrm{T} \cdot \mathrm{m/A}$$

1. A long solenoid with a radius of 25 mm has 100 turns/cm. A single loop of wire of radius 5.0 cm is placed around the solenoid, the central axes of the loop and the solenoid coinciding. In 10 ms the current in a solenoid is reduced from 1.0 A to 0.50 A at a uniform rate. What emf appears in the loop? *Hint*: magnetic field  $\overrightarrow{B}$  only appears inside the solenoid.

Solution

The induced emf

$$\mathcal{E} = -\frac{d\Phi_B}{dt} = --\frac{d(BA)}{dt} = -A\frac{dB}{dt} = -A\frac{d(\mu_0 ni)}{dt} = -A\mu_0 n\frac{di}{dt}$$

where

 $A = \pi r^2$ 

and r is the radius of the *solenoid*. Also,

$$\frac{di}{dt} = \frac{i_{final} - i_{init}}{\Delta t}$$

where  $\Delta t$  is the time over which the current changed linearly from  $i_{init}$  to  $i_{final}$ . Combining all of the above expressions,

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{E} &= -\mu_0 n \left(\pi r^2\right) \left(\frac{i_{final} - i_{init}}{\Delta t}\right) \\ &= -\left(4\pi \times 10^{-7}\right) \left(\frac{100}{10^{-2}}\right) \pi \left(25 \times 10^{-3}\right)^2 \left(\frac{0.50 - 1.0}{10 \times 10^{-3}}\right) \\ &= 1.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$