



Not for Beauty Alone: Highlights on Charm from Babar and Belle



- **motivations**
- **charm in the Upsilon region**
- **selected results**
 - D^0 mixing
 - first radiative D decay
 - surprises in spectroscopy
- **summary**

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Motivations for Charm Studies

Standard Model

weak force - CKM elements

strong "

hadronic models, HQ symmetry:

spectroscopy, production, decay.

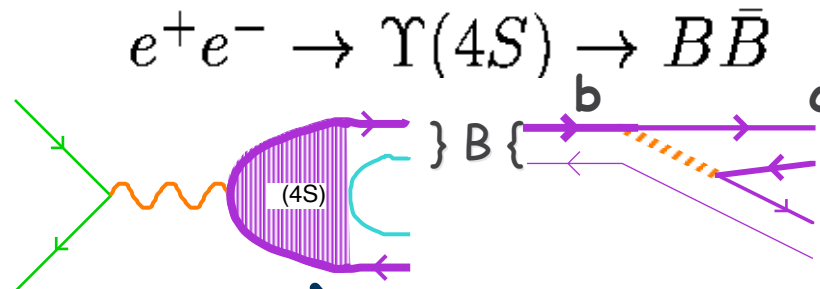
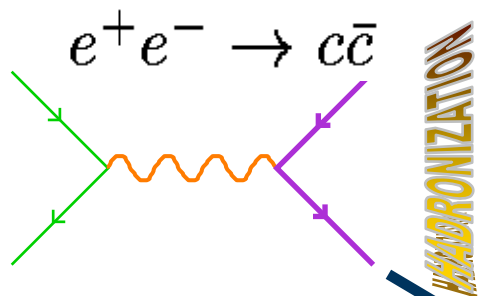
New physics

cancellations in SM \rightarrow probe for new physics

{Service}

for B physics: c-hadron branching fractions,
form factors via HQ symmetry

Charm in the Region

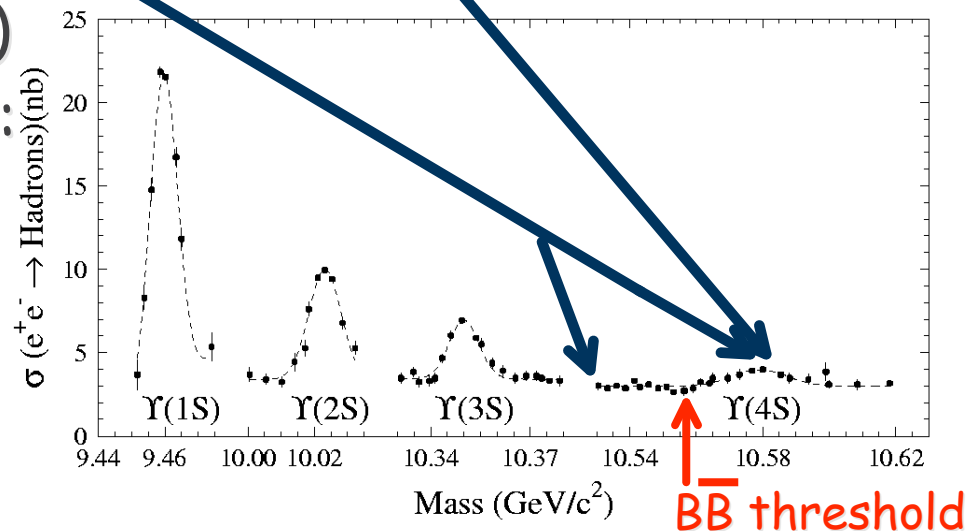


in cms, $E_c = E_e$, $\sigma \sim 1$ nb
 most c-hadrons have
 $p > (\text{kinematic limit for } b \rightarrow c)$

in cms, $E_B = E_e$, $\sigma \sim 1$ nb
 unrestricted J^{PC} for cc

Well-defined (& measureable!)
 production rate, energy, clean:

- (Continuum and B, each)
- Trigger efficiency $\sim 100\%$
- Rate $\mathcal{L} \times \sigma \sim 10^{34} \times 10^{-33} = 10$ Hz
- Raw S/B $\sim 1/3$
- Data sample $> 10^8$ events



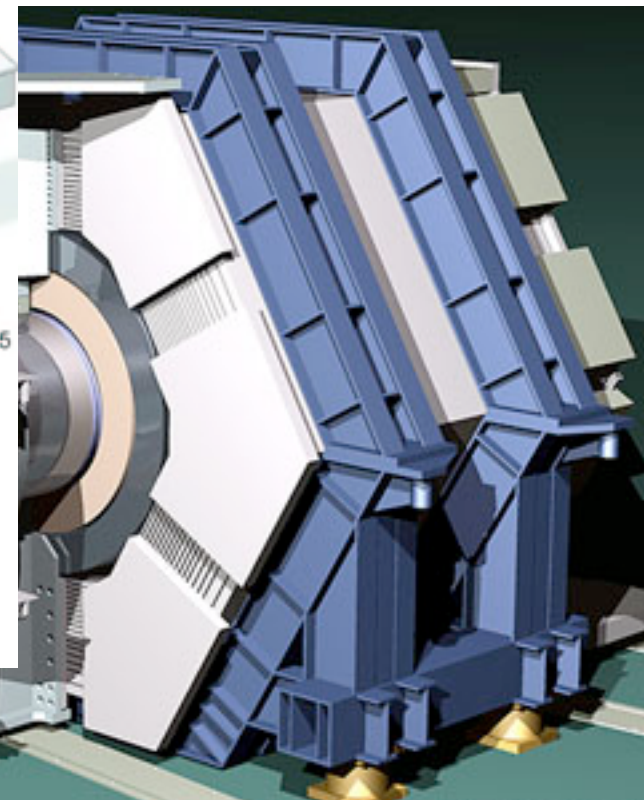
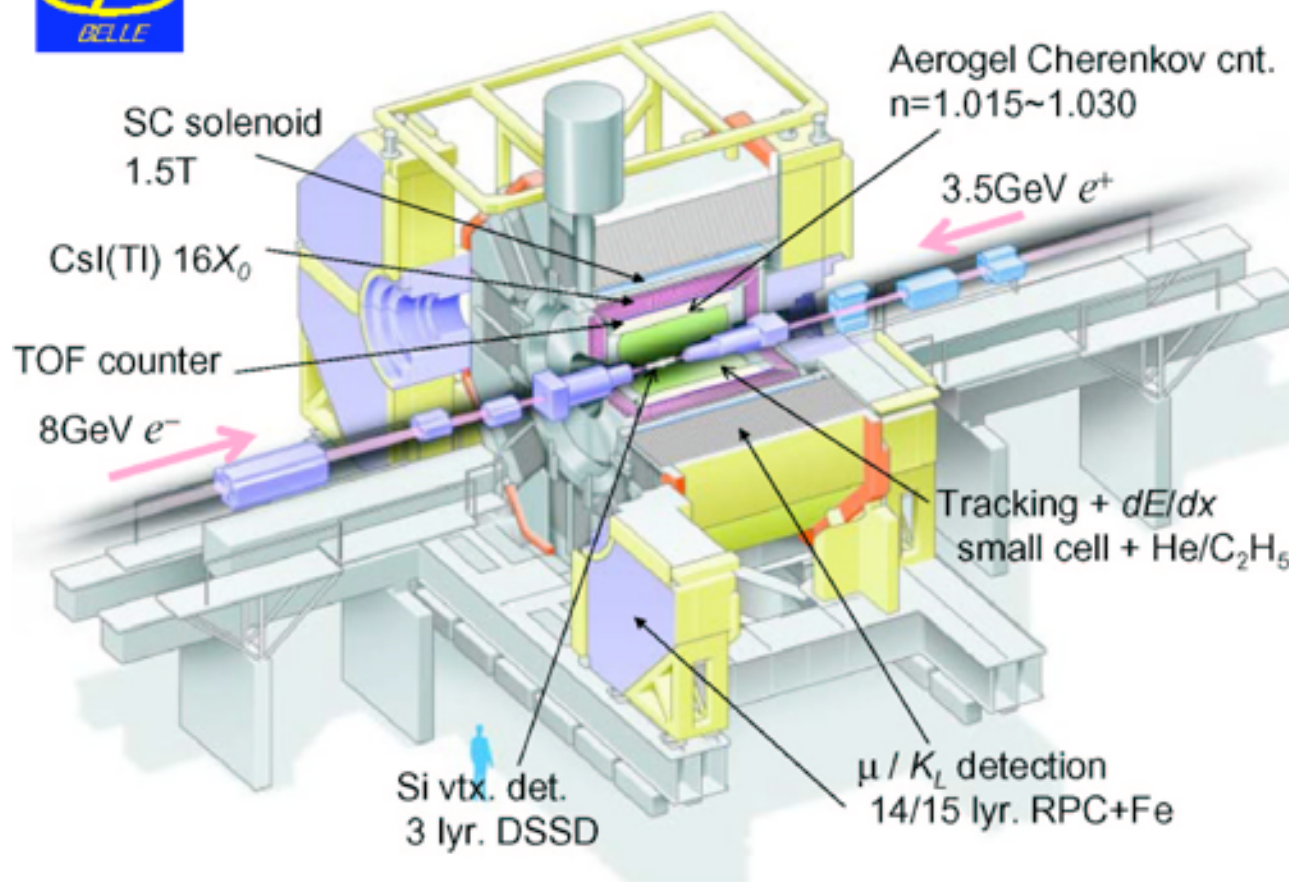
At B factories, $\int \mathcal{L}(<4S)dt / \int \mathcal{L}(4S)dt \sim 0.10$

more reasons to study charm @ beauty factory

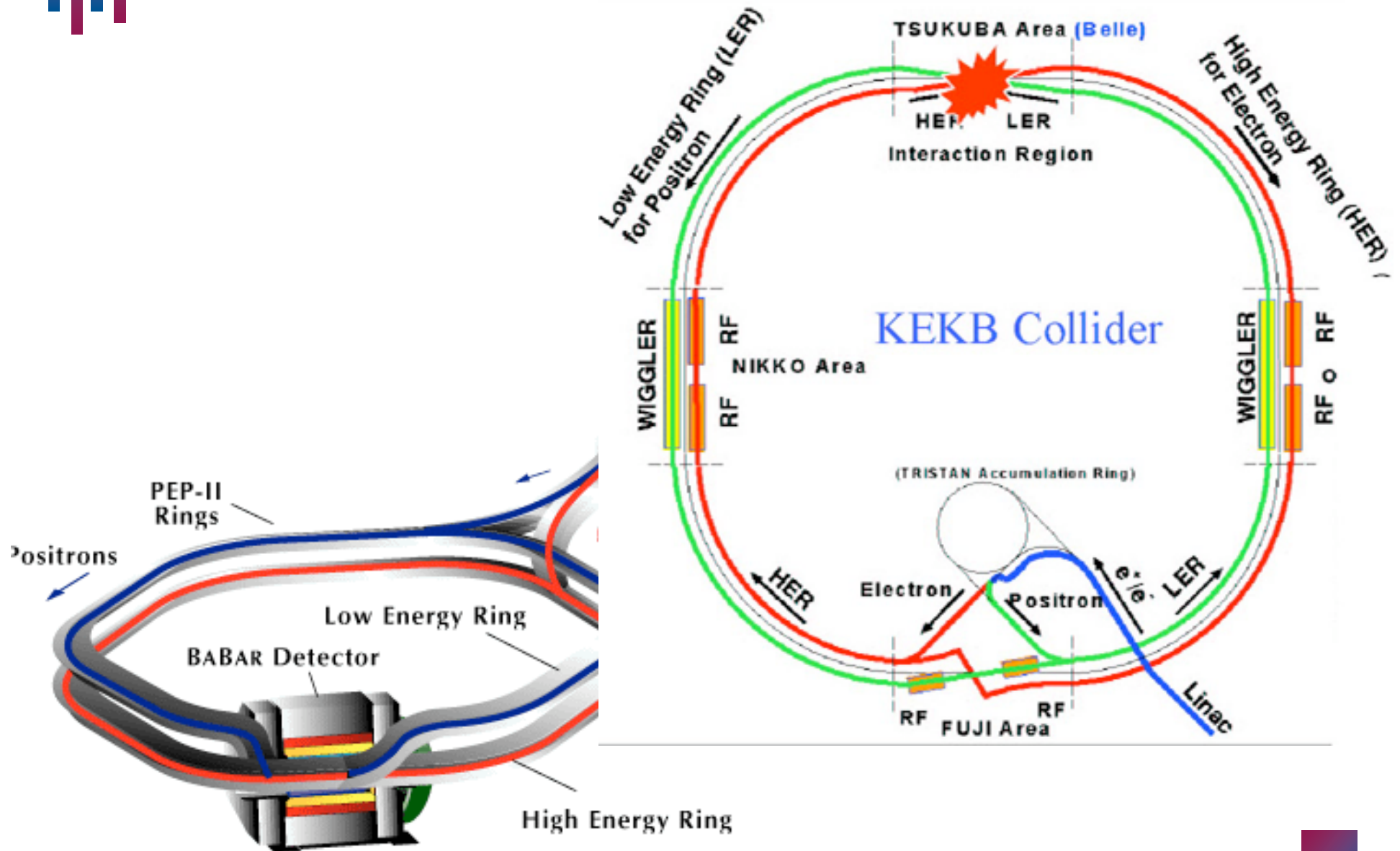
High luminosity has produced many exciting results:

- gluon-mediated production - NRQCD models rate observed at TeVatron not supported by e^+e^- data:
 - Prompt J/ψ softer than expectation (Belle: PRL 88, 052001 (2002))
 - major source of J/ψ is double c-pairs, counter to expectation (Belle: PRL 89, 142001 (2002))
 - observation of exclusive $e^+e^- \rightarrow D^{(*)}\bar{D}^{(*)}$ (Belle: hep-ex/0401040)
- Hadronic insights
 - new particles found thru reconstruction of B decay:
 - ψ_c' (Belle: PRL 89, 102001 (2002); 41.8 fb⁻¹)
 - new excited D states
 - charmonium surprise: X(3872)
 - surprises in D_s
 - $D^0 \rightarrow \psi\psi$ - first radiative D decay
- improved sensitivity to $D\bar{D}$ mixing
Presented here

The Detector



e^+e^- rings



D⁰ mixing/CP

expect: D⁰ mass eigenstate ~ CP eigenstate

CP=+1, -1 → different final states

→ nonzero mixing $x \equiv \frac{m_1 - m_2}{(\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2)/2}$ $y \equiv \frac{\Gamma_1 - \Gamma_2}{\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2}$

in SM: $x, y = O(10^{-3})$ highly suppressed → window on new physics

Methods:

1) Lifetimes, different modes

D⁰ → K⁺K⁻, π⁺π⁻ (pure CP=+1), $\Delta = 1/\Delta_1$

D⁰ → K⁻π⁺ (mixed CP), $\Delta = 1/[(\Delta_1 + \Delta_2)/2]$ (if CP conserved)

$$\Rightarrow y \approx \frac{\tau(K^- \pi^+)}{\tau(K^- K^+)} - 1 = \frac{\tau(K^- \pi^+)}{\tau(\pi^- \pi^+)} - 1 \equiv y_{CP}$$

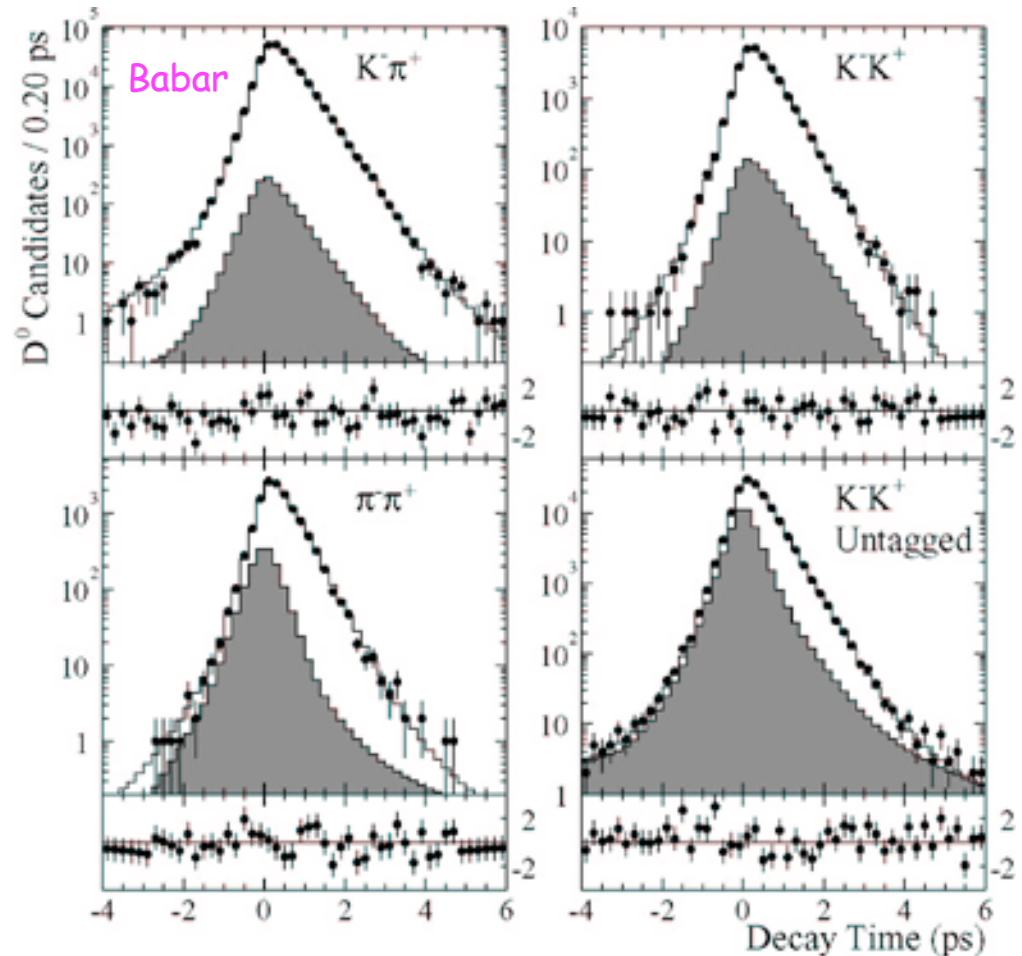
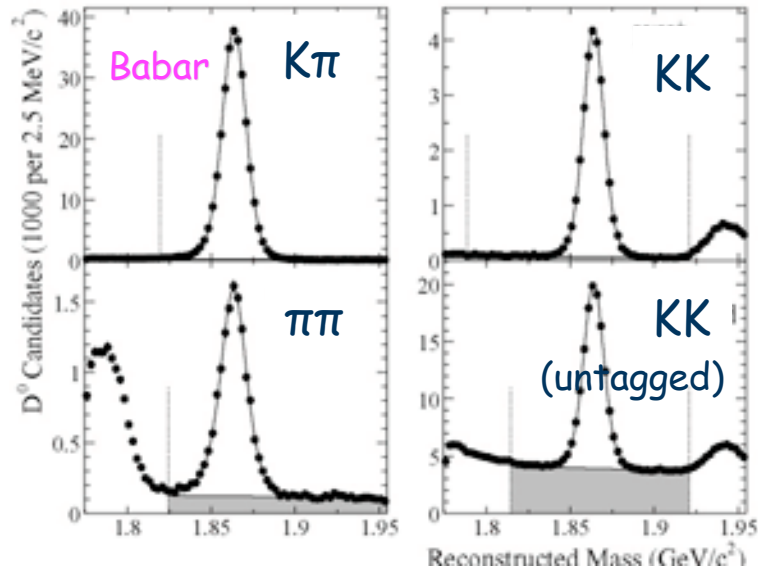
2) Time evolution of wrong-flavor decays

D⁰ → K⁺π⁻ - doubly Cabibbo-suppressed (DCS),
favored (CF)+mixing - interference

D⁰ mixing via lifetime ratio

Modes D⁰→KK, Kπ, ππ

Tagged: D^{*+}→D⁰π⁺



Babar 91 fb⁻¹: PRL 91, 121801 (2003)

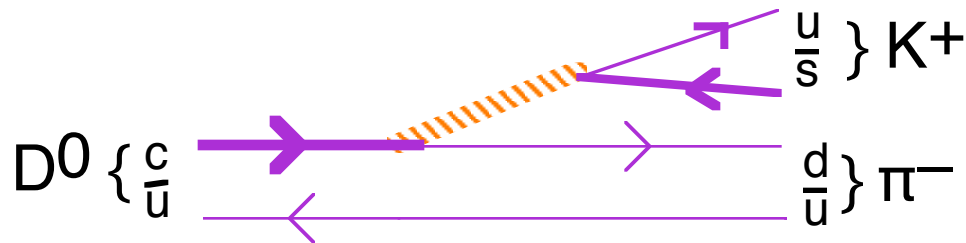
$$\gamma_{CP} = (0.8 \pm 0.4^{+0.5}_{-0.4})\%$$

Belle 158 fb⁻¹: hep-ex/0308034

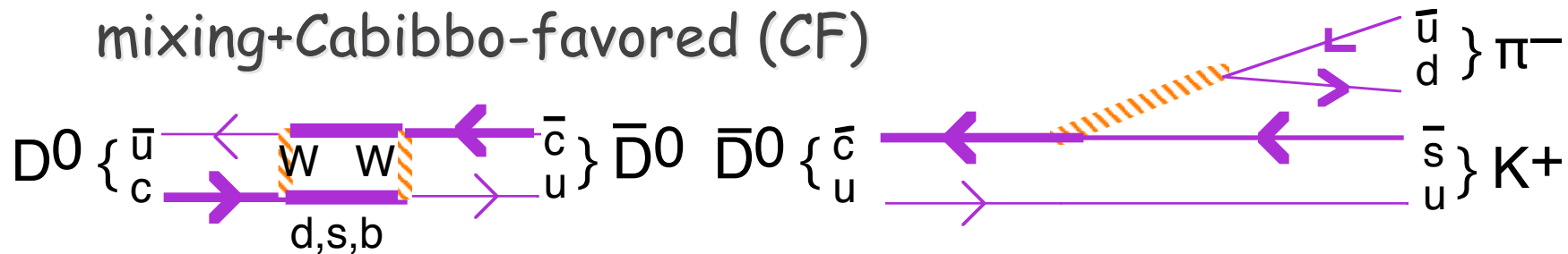
$$\gamma_{CP} = (1.15 \pm 0.69 \pm 0.38)\% \text{ (preliminary)}$$

Mixing via time-dependent $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$

"wrong-sign" (WS) $D^0 \rightarrow K\pi$ occurs via double-Cabibbo-suppression (DCS):



mixing+Cabibbo-favored (CF)



Tag D flavor (WS/RS) by $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+$

Mixing via time-dependent $D^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$

Rate depends on DCS vs CF amplitudes +mixing:

$$\sqrt{R_D} \equiv \frac{|A_{DCS}|}{|A_{CF}|}$$

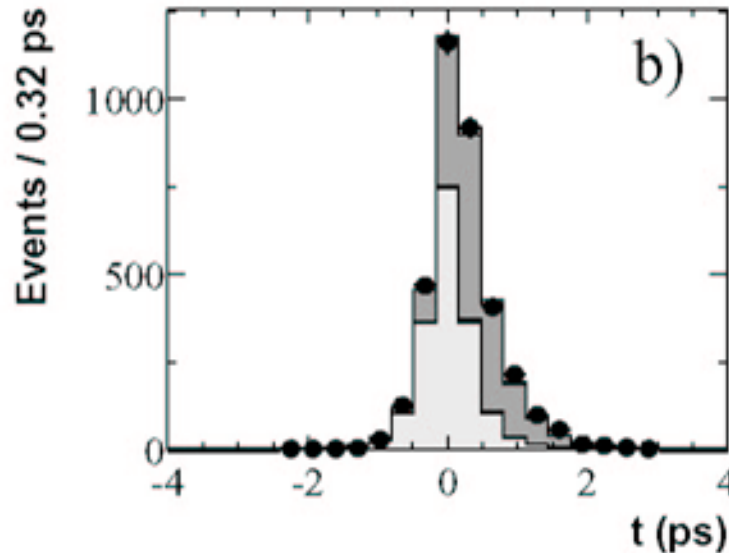
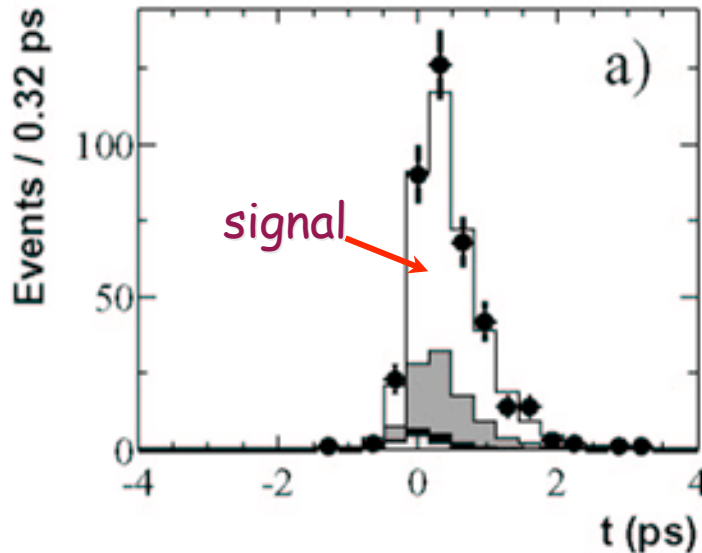
$$\begin{aligned} x' &= x \cos \delta_{K\pi} + y \sin \delta_{K\pi} \\ y' &= -x \sin \delta_{K\pi} + y \cos \delta_{K\pi} \end{aligned}$$

strong phase
diff = $\delta_{K\pi}$

Bottom line:

$$T_{WS}(t) \approx T_{RS}(t) \left[R_D + \sqrt{R_D} y'/t + \frac{x'^2 + y'^2}{4} t^2 \right]$$

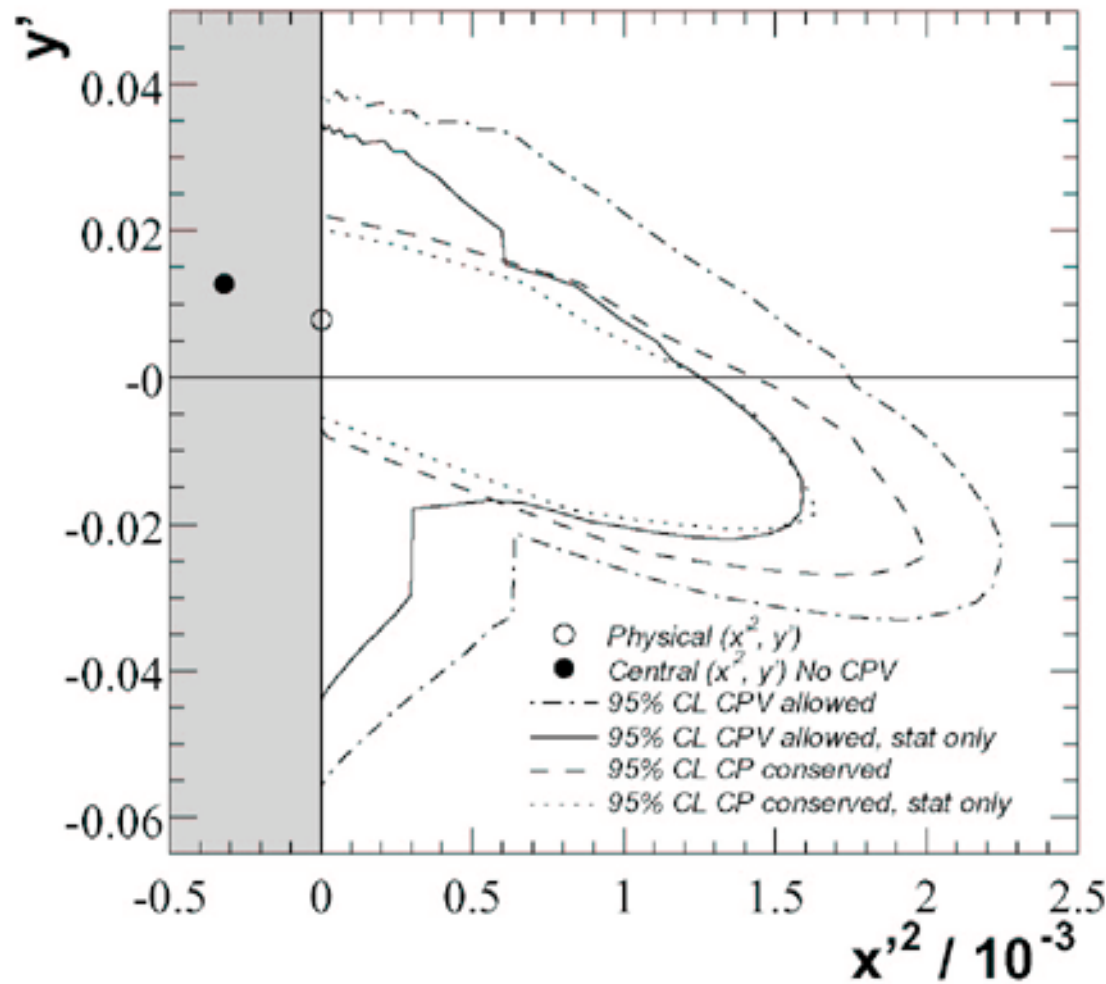
Babar 57.1 fb⁻¹: PRL 91, 171801 (2003)



Babar 57.1 fb⁻¹: PRL 91, 171801 (2003)

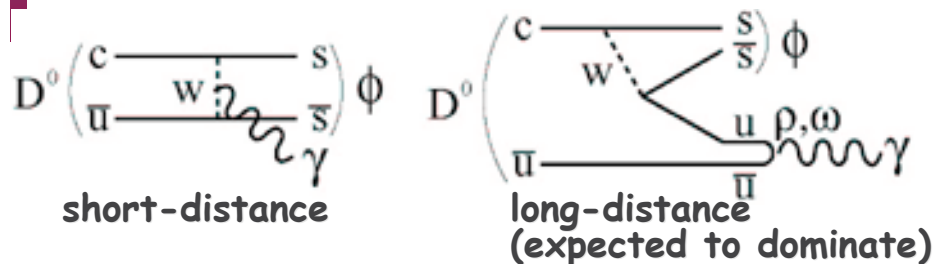
Results: fitted under assumptions w/wo mixing, CP violation

Fit case	Parameter	Central value ($x'^2=0$) (/10 ⁻⁸)	95% CL interval (/10 ⁻⁸)
<i>CP</i> violation allowed	R_D	3.1	$2.3 < R_D < 5.2$
	A_D	1.2	$-2.8 < A_D < 4.9$
	x'^2	0	$x'^2 < 2.2$
	y'	8.0	$-56 < y' < 39$
	R_M		$R_M < 1.6$
No <i>CP</i> violation	R_D	3.1	$2.4 < R_D < 4.9$
	x'^2	0	$x'^2 < 2.0$
	y'	8.0	$-27 < y' < 22$
	R_M		$R_M < 1.3$
No mixing	$R_D = (0.357 \pm 0.022 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.027 \text{ (syst.)})\%$		
	$A_D = 0.095 \pm 0.061 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.083 \text{ (syst.)}$		
No <i>CP</i> viol. or mixing	$R_D = (0.359 \pm 0.020 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.027 \text{ (syst.)})\%$		



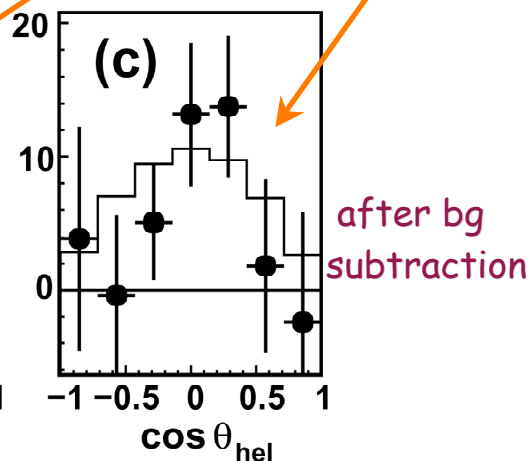
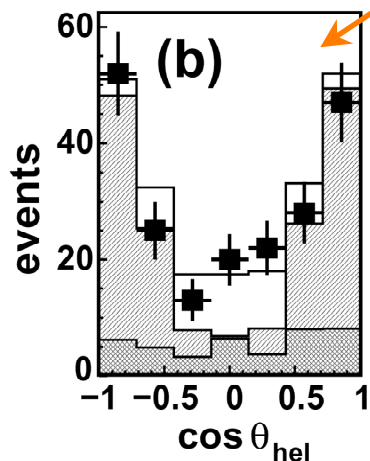
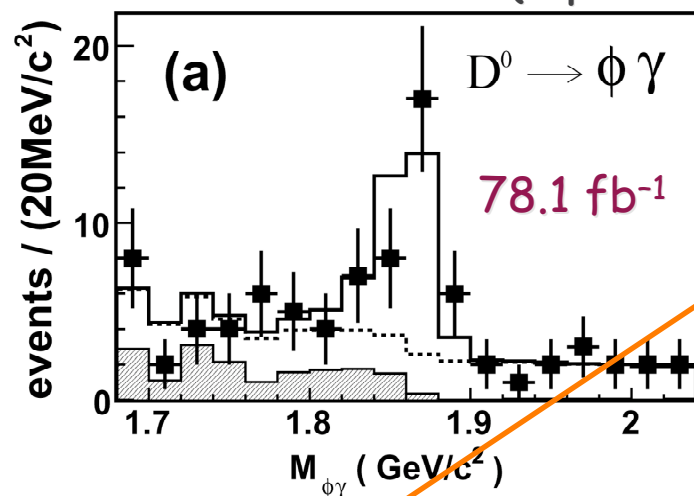
Observation of first radiative D decay

(Belle
hep-ex/0308037
accepted by PRL)



$D^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi (\pi \rightarrow K^+K^-)$

- large bg from $D^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$ (also first observation)
- distinguish by $\pi \rightarrow KK$ helicity angle distribution



$$B = [2.60^{+0.70 +0.15}_{-0.61 -0.17}] \times 10^{-5}$$

(mainly long-distance proc;
HQ symmetry $\leftrightarrow B \rightarrow \pi\pi$)

Also observed:

$D^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$ (Cabibbo-suppressed)

$$B = [8.01 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.47] \times 10^{-4}$$

$D^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$ (color-suppressed)

$$B = [1.48 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.09] \times 10^{-5}$$

Hadron spectroscopy: new $\{c\bar{s}\}$ states

lowest D_s states:

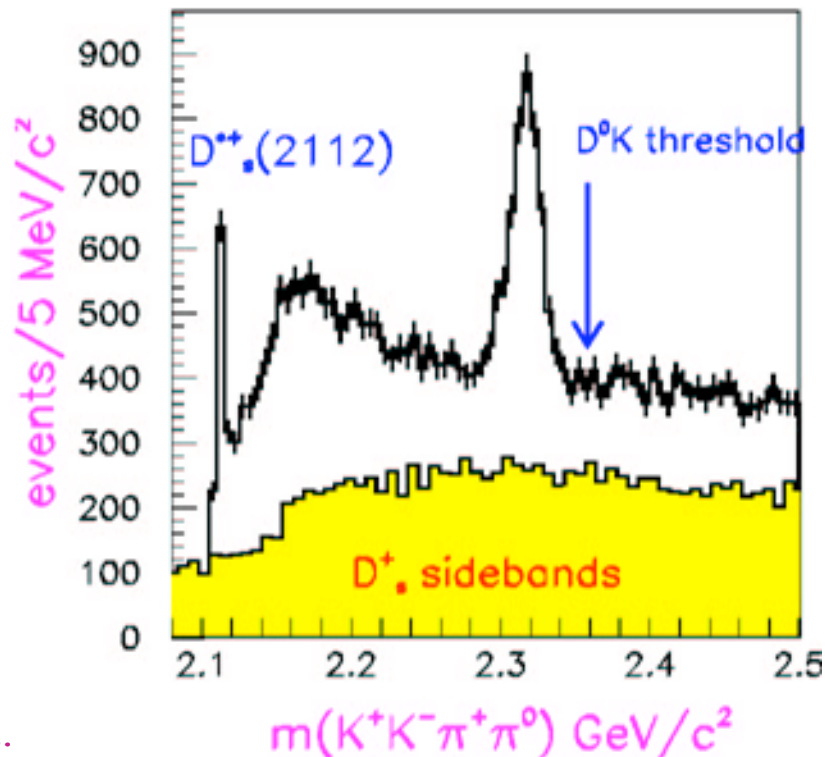
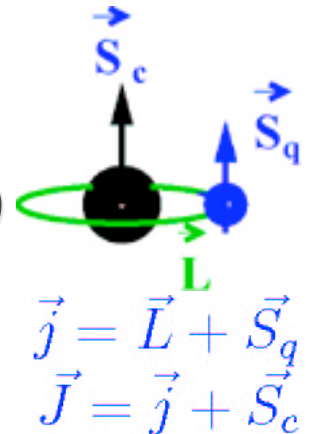
S-wave: 1S_0 ($M=1968 \text{ MeV}/c^2$), 3S_1 ($2112 \text{ MeV}/c^2$)

P-wave: $\{j=3/2; J^P=1^+ (2536 \text{ MeV}/c^2), J^P=2^+ (2573 \text{ MeV}/c^2)$

$\{j=1/2; J^P=1^+, 0^+ \text{ (theory: } M=2400\text{-}2600 \text{ MeV}/c^2)$

4/03 observation (Babar 91 fb^{-1} : PRL 90, 242001 (2003);

$D_{sJ}(2317) \rightarrow D_s^+ \pi^0, D_s^+ \rightarrow \{ \pi^+ K^* K^+ \} \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+, \pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$



- tentative: $j=1/2, J^P=0^+$
- mass lower than predicted (exotic?)

observation/mass confirmed:
(CLEO 13.5 fb^{-1} : PR D68, 032002 (2003))

$$M(D_{sJ}) - M(D_s) = 350.0 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$(M(D_{sJ}) = 2318.1 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.1 \text{ MeV}/c^2)$$

(Belle 86.9 fb^{-1} : PRL 92, 012002 (2004))

$$M(D_{sJ}) = 2317.2 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.9 \text{ MeV}$$

(Babar 91 fb^{-1} : hep-ex/0310050)

$$M(D_{sJ}) = 2317.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

More new $\{c\bar{s}\}$:

Candidate for $J^P=1^+$ partner

$D_{sJ}(2457) \rightarrow D_s^{*+} \pi^0, D_s^{*+} \rightarrow D_s^+ \pi^0$

(CLEO 13.5 fb^{-1} : PR D68, 032002 (2003))

$M(D_{sJ}) - M(D_s^*) = 351.2 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

$(M(D_{sJ}) = 2463.1 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.2 \text{ MeV}/c^2)$

(Belle 86.9 fb^{-1} : PRL 92, 012002 (2004))

$M(D_{sJ}) - M(D_s^*) = 344.1 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

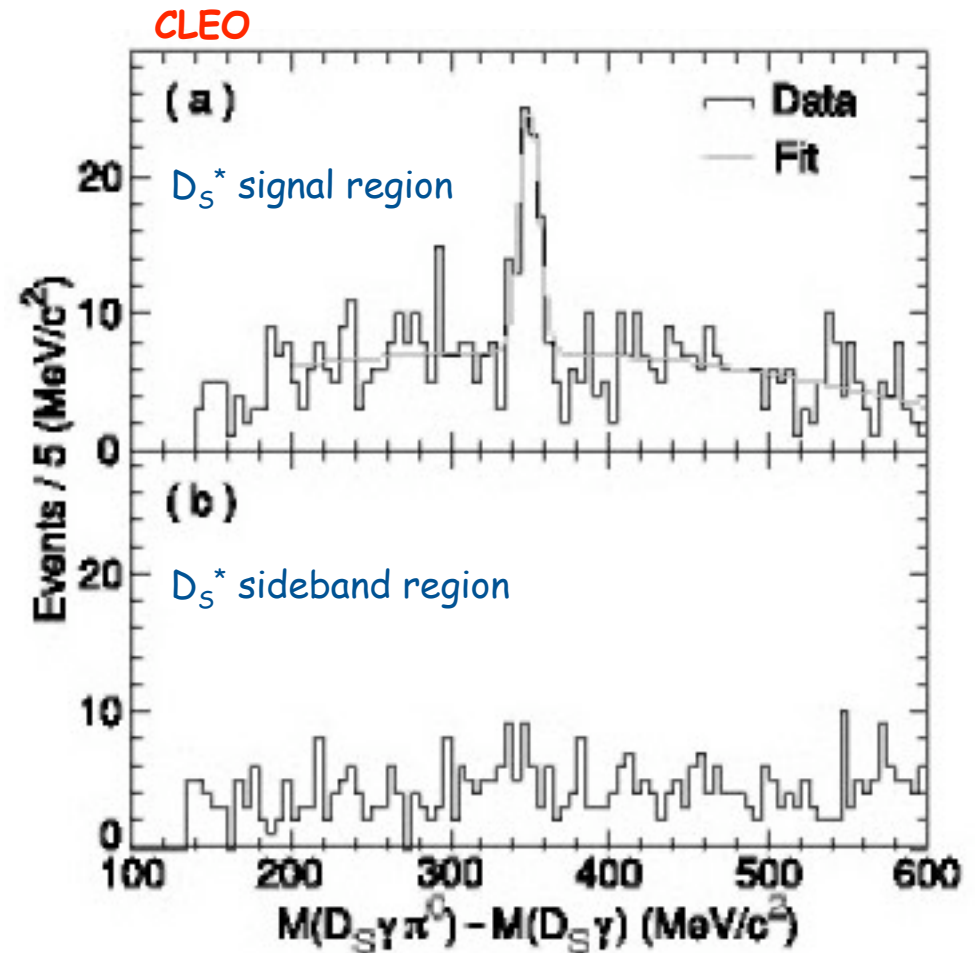
$(M(D_{sJ}) = 2456.5 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2)$

(Babar 91 fb^{-1} : hep-ex/0310050)

$M(D_{sJ}) = 2458.0 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

Masses are lower than predicted;

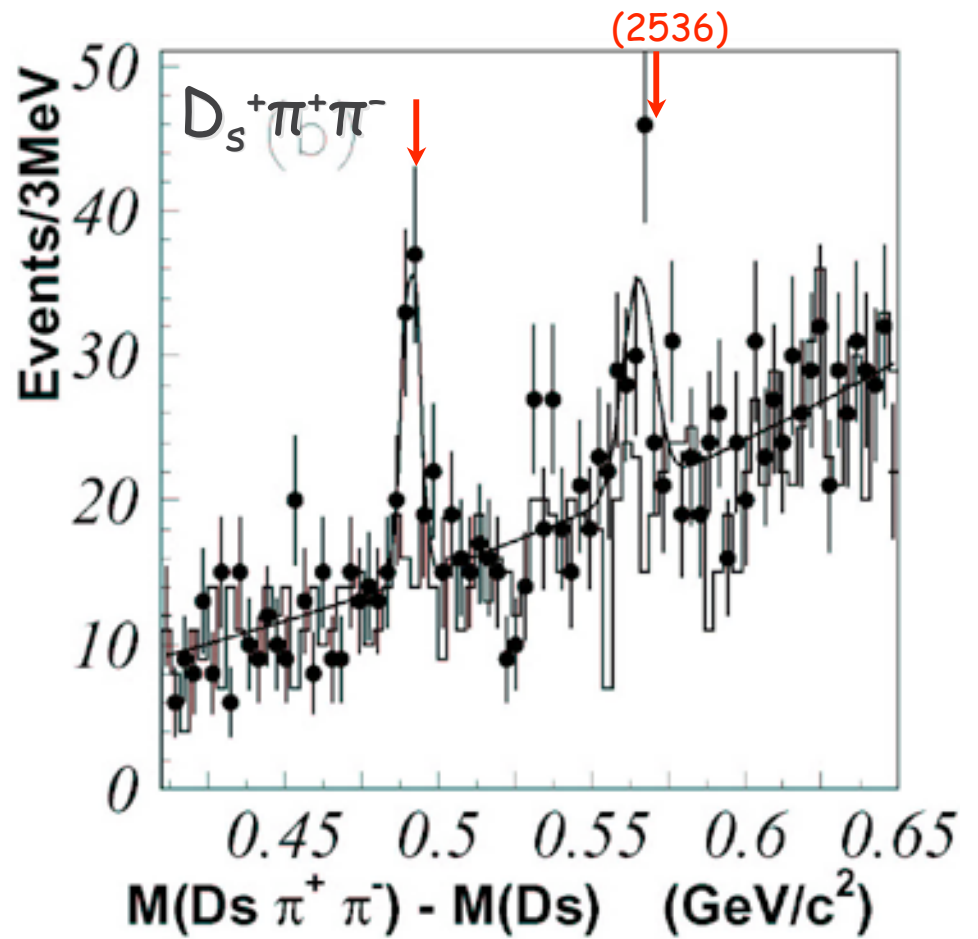
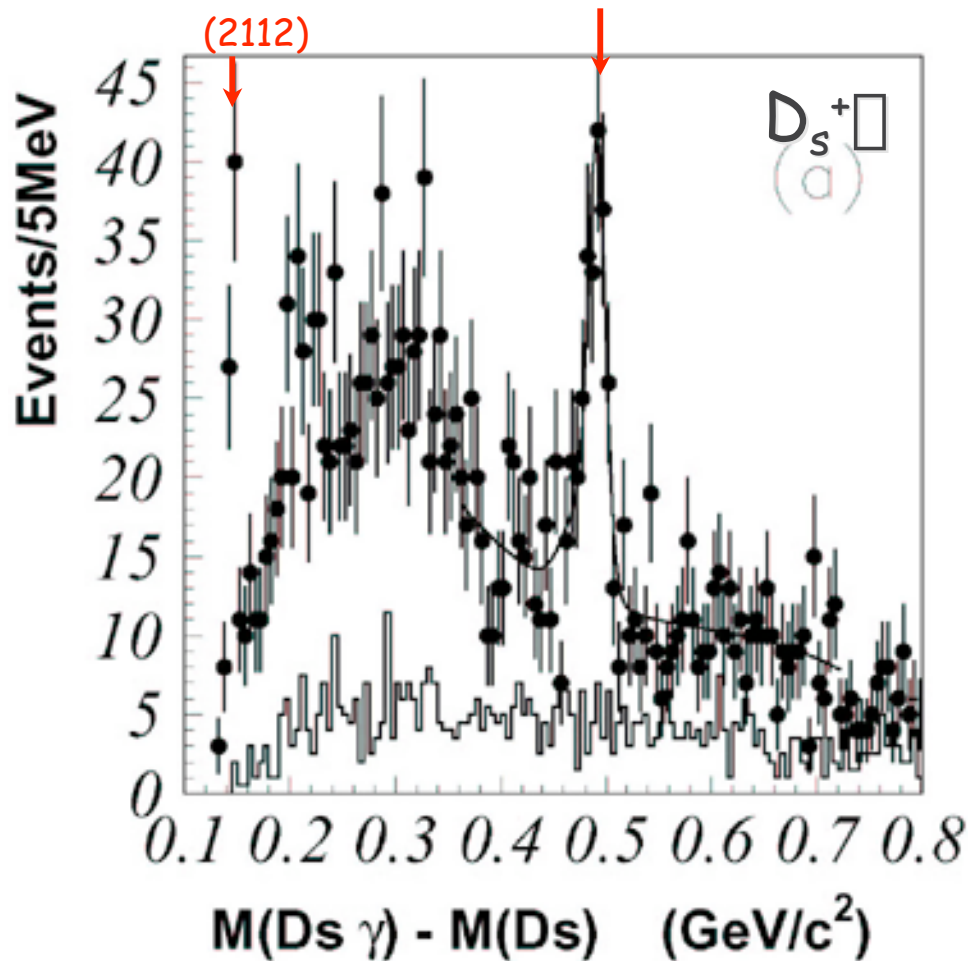
$D_{sJ}(2457) - D_{sJ}(2317)$ splitting is consistent w
potential model predictions for $1^+ - 0^+$



More new $\{c\bar{s}\}$:

$D_{sJ}(2357) \rightarrow D_s^+ \gamma \rightarrow D_s^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$; existence rules out 0^+

(Belle 86.9 fb^{-1} : PRL 92, 012002 (2004))



More new {cs}: rate ratios

(Belle 86.9 fb⁻¹: PRL 92, 012002 (2004))

$D_{sJ}^+(2457)$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^+\gamma}}{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^{*+}\pi^0}} = 0.55 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.08$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^{*+}\gamma}}{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^{*+}\pi^0}} \leq 0.31 \text{ (90\% CL)}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^+\pi^+\pi^-}}{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^{*+}\pi^0}} = 0.14 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.02$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^+\pi^0}}{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^{*+}\pi^0}} \leq 0.21 \text{ (90\% CL)}$$

$D_{sJ}^+(2317)$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^+\gamma}}{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^+\pi^0}} \leq 0.05 \text{ (90\% CL)}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^{*+}\gamma}}{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^+\pi^0}} \leq 0.18 \text{ (90\% CL)}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^+\pi^+\pi^-}}{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^+\pi^0}} \leq 4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (90\% CL)}$$

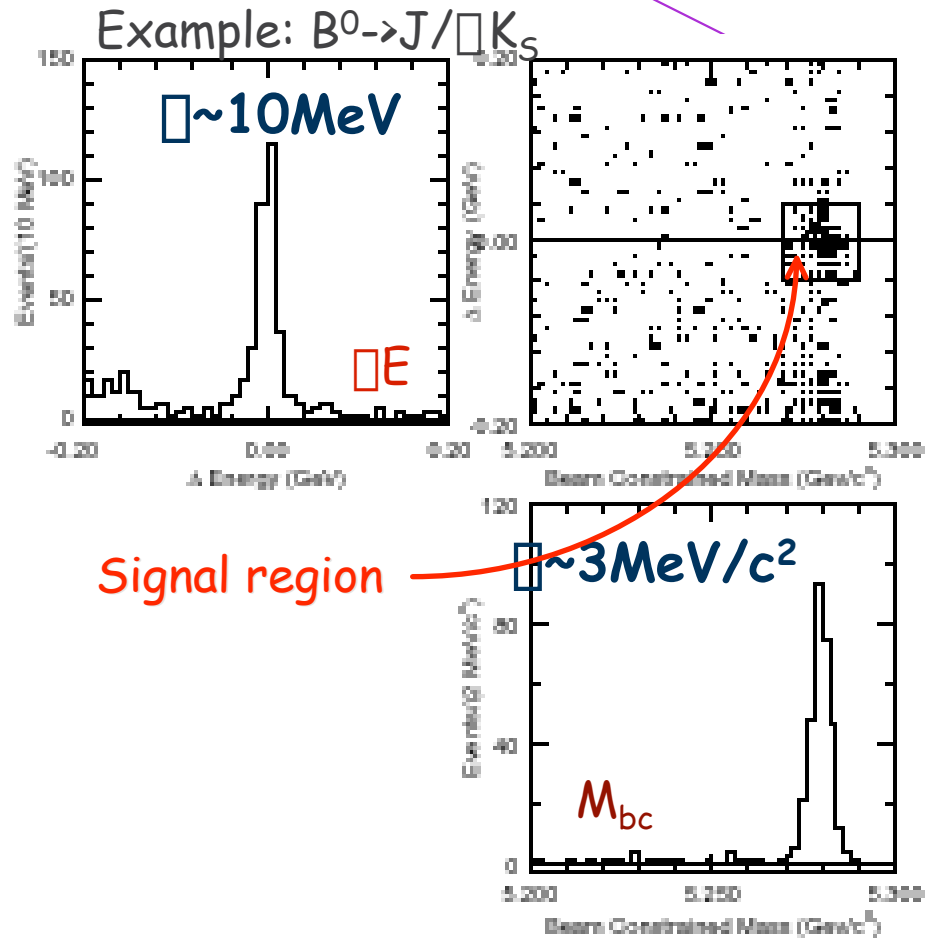
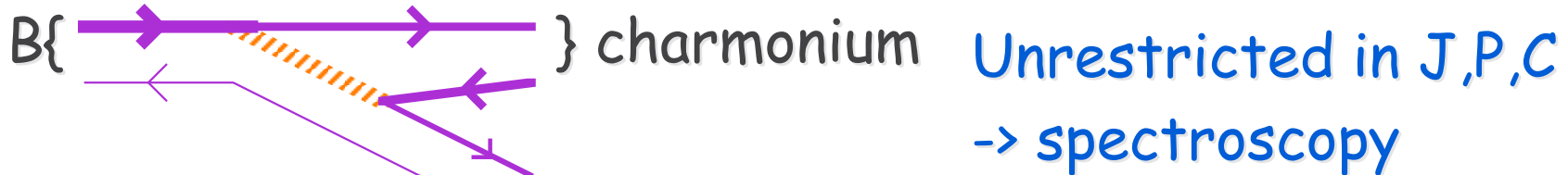
(Babar 91 fb⁻¹: hep-ex/0310050)

$D_{sJ}^+(2458)$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}_{D_{sJ}^+(2317)\gamma}}{\mathcal{B}_{D_s^{*+}\pi^0}} \leq 0.22 \text{ (95\% CL)}$$

New particles in B decays reconstructed at (4S)

In B decay:



Powerful background rejection:

exploit

- exclusive pair production of B
- narrow resolution of collision energy

$\Delta E = E^*_{\text{cand}} - E^*_{\text{beam}} = 0$ ($E^*_{\text{beam}} = \sqrt{s}/2$)

$\Delta E \sim 10\text{-}50 \text{ MeV}$, depending on mode

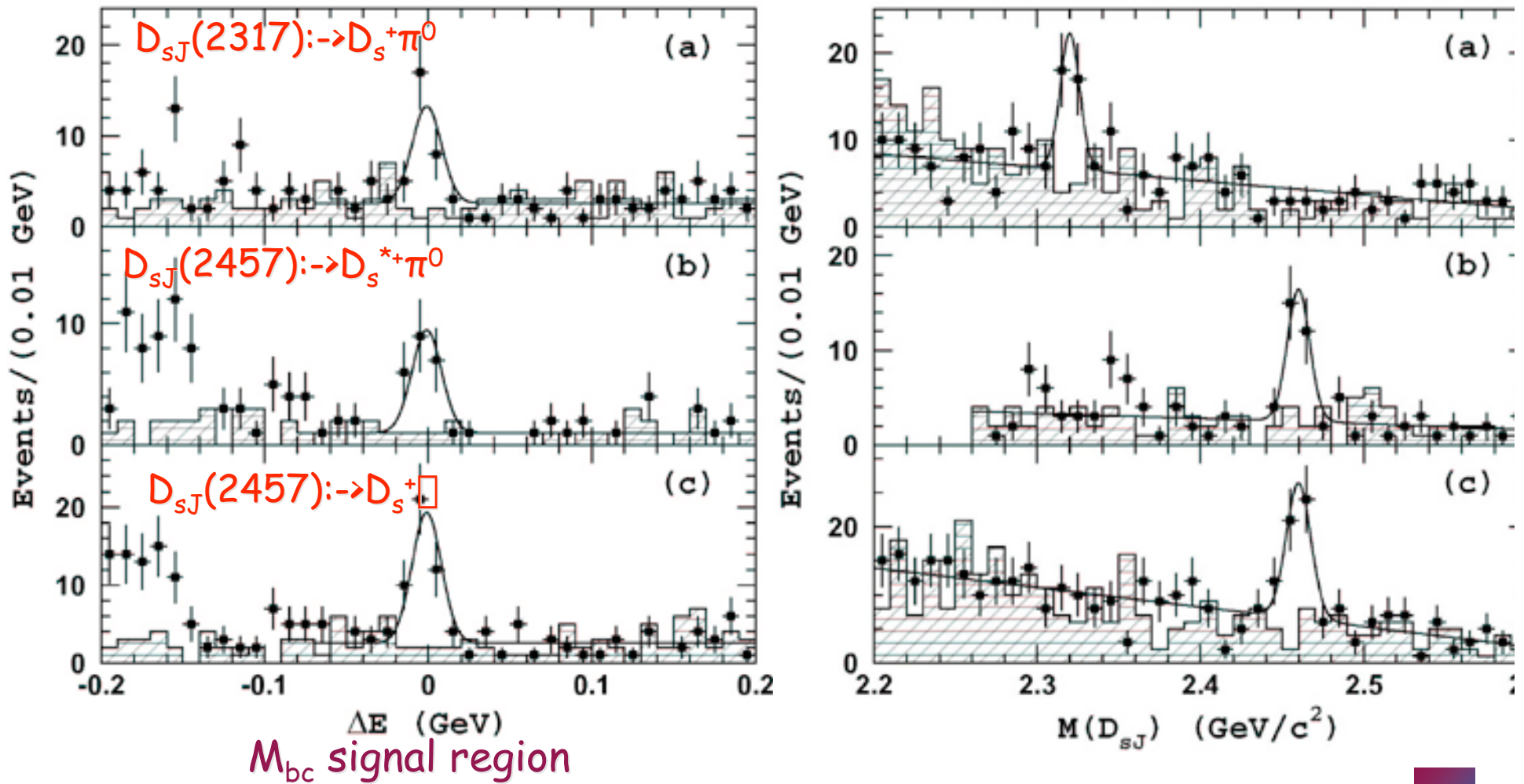
M_{bc} (Beam-constrained mass)

$$M_{bc} = (E^*_{\text{beam}}{}^2 - p^*_{\text{cand}}{}^2)^{1/2}$$

First identified in B:
 $\psi_c(2S)$ (Belle: PRL **89**, 102001 (2002))

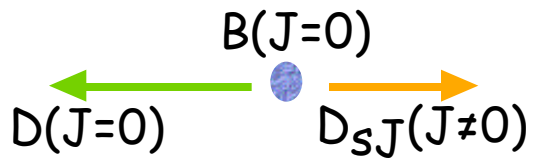
$D_{sJ}(2317), D_{sJ}(2457)$ in B decay (Belle 114 fb⁻¹ on-res: PRL 91, 262002 (2003))

In $B \rightarrow DD_{sJ}$ { $D^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-, K^+\pi^-\pi^-\pi^+, D^- \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^-$ }, 123.8M B pairs

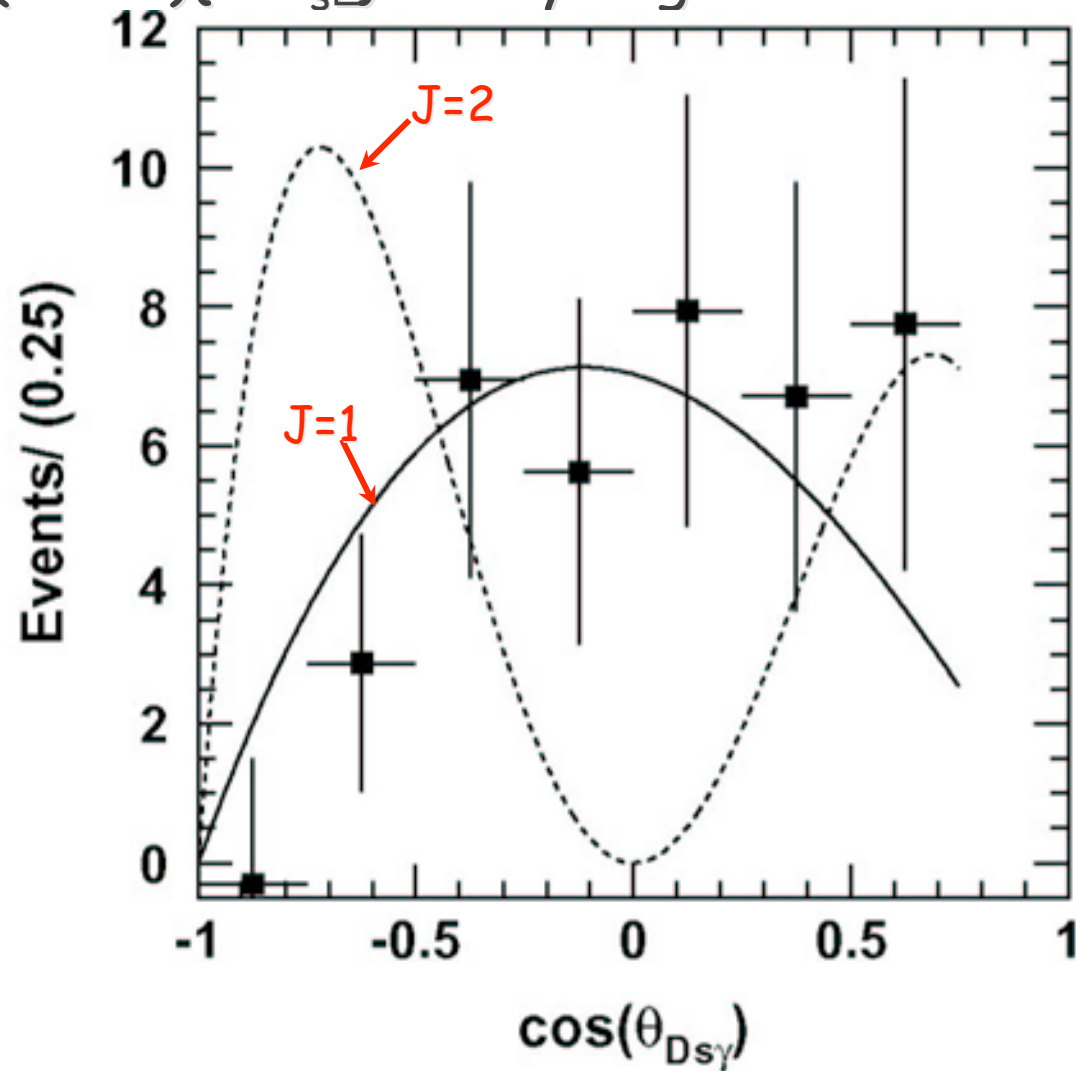


Determine J: $B \rightarrow DD_{sJ}(2457) \rightarrow D_s \square$ decay angle distribution

Conservation of J:
flight direction
correlates w. spin

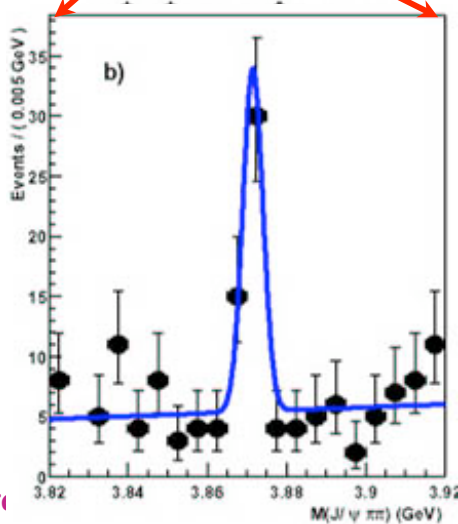
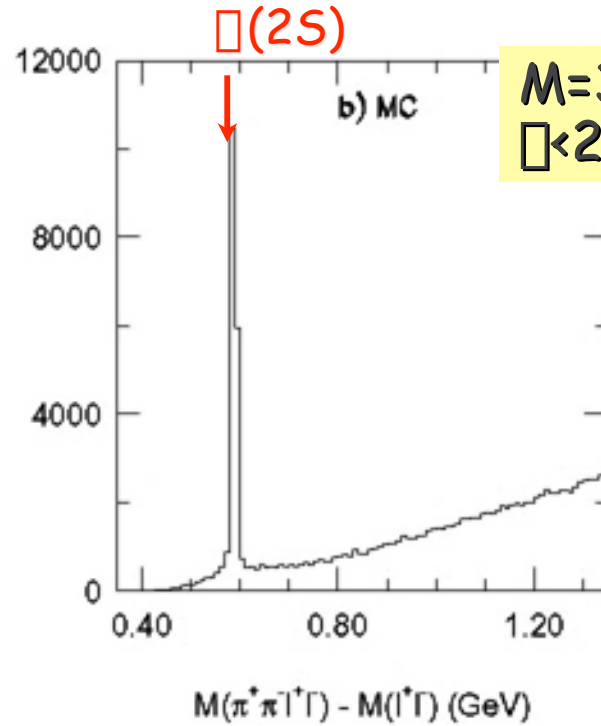
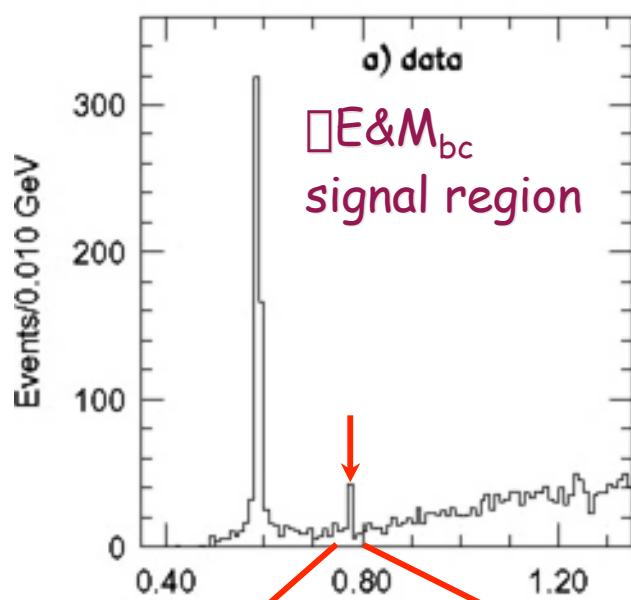


supports $J^P=1^+$



New charmonium-like state in B decay (Belle: PRL 91, 262001 (2003))

in $B^{\pm} \rightarrow K^{\pm} \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi$



Also searched:

$$B^{\pm} \rightarrow K^{\pm} \psi_{c1} \rightarrow \frac{B_{\gamma \chi_{c1}}}{B_{\pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi}} \leq 0.89 \text{ (90\% CL)}$$

(not consistent w $^3D_{c2}$ charmonium;
 Eichten, Lane & Quigg PRL 89, 162002 (2002);
 mass higher than potential model expectations)



Summary

Charm thrives at the e^+e^- beauty factories!

- 2 sources, $e^+e^- \rightarrow cc$, $b \rightarrow c$ $>10^8$ events each
- high Lum, clean events \rightarrow many new and unexpected results
- D mixing and CP - into interesting region of sensitivity
several methods, more to come
- rare D decays - first radiative mode
- challenges to QCD models: c production, spectroscopy
charm and double charm - rates $\sim 10X$ prediction
new D_s states - fits $j=1/2$, except masses
"charmoniumlike" - what is it?

More to come - luminosity, expanded studies - stay tuned!